# **Don't Make Decisions in the Dark**

# Superintendents and Principals Need Quality Public Information That Informs Decisions, Empowers Action



As a district superintendent or school principal, you need to be able to access and use high-quality data to make good decisions. Often these data are collected and stored locally, but information that is publicly reported by the state can provide additional value. State agencies are uniquely positioned to provide comparisons across schools and districts that can be used to improve instruction. Additionally, only the state can develop analytics using student data over multiple years and across sectors.

Every state is required by the federal government to make certain information about public schools and districts available to the public—including student achievement, accountability, and teacher quality.\* When this publicly reported information is useful, trustworthy, timely, and easy to find, you can use it to make informed decisions that better support student learning.

## The Power of Quality Public Reporting

Although public reporting in a few states is designed to serve your information needs, most states' efforts are geared toward compliance with state and federal laws. Consequently, most publicly reported information goes unseen, unused, or underused.

However, when publicly reported information is useful, trustworthy, timely, and easy to find, you have the tools required to take the following actions:

#### Understand student performance in context.

Comparable data across the state allow you to compare your school or district's performance with other schools and districts in the state, putting your own performance in context. These data can be used in coordination with locally collected data to provide a more comprehensive representation of student learning and achievement.

#### Effectively allocate scarce resources.

When you have access to robust, comparable data, you can use that information to identify areas of need and consider equity across student subgroups, schools, and the district when making decisions about teacher allocations, funding, academic and nonacademic program availability, and more.

# Advocate for the needs of your school and district.

Publicly reported information allows you to show where programs are working and where they need continued support and to identify challenges to be addressed.

#### Empower others to be informed participants.

You can use publicly reported information to help parents be more engaged with their child's school. By communicating with parents and the public about school and district successes and challenges, you can promote and support informed public debate, community engagement, and bottom-up accountability.

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Publicly reported information is focused on schools and districts and does not include any personally identifiable information that can be used to identify individual students.

\*In addition, a state that receives Elementary and Secondary Education Act flexibility must report college-going and college-credit-accumulation rates. See State and Local Report Cards Title I, Part A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as Amended for more information: www2.ed.gov/programs/titleiparta/state\_local\_report\_card\_guidance\_2-08-2013.pdf.











### Key Questions You Could Answer with Quality Public Reporting

When states publicly report information in a way that is understandable and useful, you can more easily answer critical questions such as the following:



To see the Data Quality Campaign's full suite of public reporting materials, including the full primer, the infographic summary, the federal spotlight, and resources for parents and local school board members, go to www.dataqualitycampaign.org/PublicReporting.



Using Data to Improve Student N Achievement





